

Medical Abortion in China

- **Experiences in Introduction**

Wu Shangchun

Professor

**National Research Institute for Family
Planning**

Beijing 100081

**Induced Abortion could be
provided legally as a
supplementary measure when
contraception fails**

- 1986 Mifepristone was introduced for termination of early pregnancy
- 1988 Mifepristone was approved in China
- 1992 Domestic production of Mifepristone was registered

The presentation is based on

___ Wu Shangchun et al. An Investigation of Mifepristone Use for Medical Abortion in Beijing, Hunan and Guangdong. *CHIN J FAM PLAN.* 1999, 7(1):206~210

___ Wu Shangchun. Medical Abortion in China. *JAMWA.* 2000 Supplement 197~199.

___ Roas Zhou et al. Medical Abortion in China :Results of a Fact-Finding Mission. *Population Council.* 2002

Studies of Medical Abortion in China

Author	Year	Gest. Age (d)	Mife. (mg)	PG	No.	Com. Rate (%)
Wu SC	1992	<59	600	PGF _{2α}	1572	91
Sang GW	1992	<49	150*	PGF _{2α}	302	93
			150	PGF _{2α}	296	93
			200	PGF _{2α}	154	91
			200*	PGF _{2α}	148	93
Sang GW	1994	<49	150	Miso	298	95
			150	PGF _{2α}	150	97
			200	Miso	148	95

Governmental involvement

- Technical guidelines (draft) 1994
SFPC MOH SDA
under close medical supervision
- Certification measures 1995 SFPC
 - medical facilities (89% in Beijing)
 - providers
- Training
 - Senior officers and providers

Medical abortion is a well accepted alternative for termination of early pregnancy

urban > rural

middle sized facilities > large sized

The number of abortion performed annually is not officially available

10 million/year